Sketch of Sir William Gore Ouseley. Sir William Gore Ouseley, K. C. B., the recently arrived pecial Minister from Great Britain to Central America, is leman of sufficient prominence in American and European diplomacy for his arrival among us on his way to the centre of his prospective negotiations to demand some special notice. He was attache to the British Legation to his country some twenty-eight years ago, under Sir Chas Vaughan, and while residing at Washington he entered personally into a treaty of permanent peace and amity with the United States by marrying the daughter of one of our prominent citizens—Governor Van Ness, of Vermont. Miss Van dess was a young lady of great beauty, residing time the Mayor of Washington. He went originally from this State as member of Congress from

is county, and subsequently took up his residence

Sir William Gore Ouseley is a son of Sir William Ouseley somewhat distinguished as a Persian and Oriental antinarian, and nephew of Sir Gore Ouseley, Persian Ambas ador from Great Britain. Sir William was the historian d to the Western nations of Europe much nev information in relation to that retired and almost unknown portion of the world. The other members of Sir William ore Ouseley's family have filled and are now filling impor tant public positions in the church and State. He had a sor on board the flag ship in the Baltic during the blockade o Cronstadt, who was attacked by the fatal disease that visited the fleet at that inauspicious time, was landed at Kiel, and there died a few hours after his father had hastened to his bedside. He had been under the command of Sir Charles Hotham. Another son is now in South American ca, in Paraguay, with President Lopez, who has conceived

Sir William Gore himself, among his other foreign resi Sir William Gore himself, among his other foreign residences, spent some time in Spain without any diplomatic relations with the government of the country. Having also been for a time Minister to Brazil and atterwards to Buenos Ayres, his acquaintance with the Spanish race language and itterature, is probably equal or superior to that of any other Englishman. Having also resided in the United States in a diplomatic capacity, and married here, there was an obvious suitableness in the selection of such a man to aid in putting an end to the imbroglio which has so long involved the relations of Great Britain, the United States and Central America. He is the author of a valuable work on American affairs and another of those expensive and choice books, in which it is the art-tocratic laxary of Europe to induige, on the scenery of Brazil. A copy of this last work is to be found in the Congressional Library at Washington.

t Washington.
It was doubtless due to considerations such as these, th It was doubtless due to considerations such as these, the special acquaintanceship of this distinguished diplomatist with the character, circumstances, and view of the several nationalities involved in the difficulties to be arranged, which have prevailed over mere political affinities and induced his selection for the important post he now fills. The present government of Great Britain cannot be reckoned among his political friends, and it is all the more honorable to Lord Paimerston, and the surer piedge of a sincere desire on his part to end amicably the almost scandalous quarrel which has so long existed in relation to Central American affairs, that he has made choice of a man on the ground of his intrinsic fitness for the work in hand, who has not heretotore given him any political support. Still, we have grounds of knowledge that the personal relations of Sir William Gore Ouseley with Lord Napier are specially friendly, and that so far from the appointment of the former having been offensive to the lutter, as has been intimated by some of the correspondents of the press, premated by some of the correspondents of the press, pre cisely the opposite is true. Mr. Buchanan has long been the friend of both, and it will certainly be the opprobrium of diplomacy if every remnant of the old difficultie relation to the affairs of Nicaragua, the Mosquito Co and other Central American countries, the names of which have been rendered so familiar by the long train of con-flicting negotiations respecting them, be not now removed

The patrons of American art will learn with regret the death of this distinguished painter, which took place on Wednesday last, at his residence in West Hoboken, N. J. Mr. RANNEY was a self-made man, having risen to emi nence through difficulties that would have crushed the spirit of most aspirants to artistic fame. He was born in section, and after the death of his parents was adopted by an uncle residing in North Carolina. The latter nowever, did not live long enough to exercise any material influence over young Ranney's fortunes. He died when the subject of our notice was in his twelfth year, and the youth being left without any provision, was apprenticed to a blacksmith. In this occupation, like Quentin Matzys he began to develope his artistic tastes. Passionately for of rural secenery and of the study of nature, the accidental sight of some clever aketches of the surrounding country awakened in him the desire to use the pencil. Having saved a little money, at the age of twenty-one he made his way to New York, in the hope that he would there find the opportunity of cultivating his tastes. Disappointed in his expectations, from the slender patronage which at that time was afforded to the volaries of art, he entered an architect soffice, where the facility he had acquired with his pencil brought him the means of support. He soon, however, tired of this menotenous devotion to geometrical lines, and longed for the pure atmosphere and freedom of the country life to which he had been accustomed. When the war between Texas and Mexico broke out he made his way to Austin and offered his services as a volunteer to General Houston. Here, in the intervals of his military duties, he add his artistic studies under the bright atmosphere and amid the wild securery of that sunny region. It was the sketches that studies under the bright atmosphere and amid the wild scenery of that sunny region. It was the sketches that he made in his Texas campagns that furnished the subhe made in his Texas campaigns that furnished the subjects of shose vigorous and glowing pictures of frontier
life to which he owed his subsequent celebrity. When
Texas had catablished her independence, Mr. Lanney returned to New York with the view of pursuing art as his
future profession. Shortly after his arrival he married
and settled down in West Hoboken, where he produced
most of the pictures which have established for him
so high a rank amongst American artists. Many of these
have been engraved, and are universally admired for their
spirited and vigorous defineations of American prairie
life. There is scarcedy a print shop in any of the European
cities where copies of these engravings are not to be
found. Mr. Ranney, sublike most American artists, thought
that his own country afforded objects sufficiently worthy
of illustration without his being compelled to seek abroad
subjects for his pencil. For this his memory deserves to
be honored and his works prized, as the productions of a
purely native genius. He professed no higher ambition
than that of being an American painter, representing
American subjects in a strictly national spirit; and in this
no man has so thoroughly succeeded. Unfortunately, the
assiduity with which he devoted himself to his artistic
studies soon broke down a constitution never at any time
very strong, and after an illness of nearly three years he assiduity with which he devoted himself to his artistic studies soon broke down a constitution never at any time very strong, and after an illness of nearly three years he has fallen a victim to that fell malady of our climate, consumption. Mr. Ranney was in his forty fifth year, and leaves a wife and family of children but slenderly provided for. It is to be hoped that the patriotism which only honors genius when it has passed away will do something towards manifesting its posthunous gratitude towards the memory of this distinguished artist.

Society for the Relief of Widows with

The sixtieth anniversary of this society was held at Dr Potts' church, corner of Tenth street and University place. yesterday at 12 o'clock-Mrs. L. Perkins, first directress the chair. After the usual preliminary business of the meeting, the sixtieth annual report of the society was read by Miss Gamage, from which we make the subjoined ab-

The report says that it is the record of all history, past and present, that under the teachings of Christianity so ciety has permitted women publicly to combine their efand present, that under the teachings of Christianity society has permitted women publicly to combine their efforts for the relief of the sufferings of their own sex; and offers gratulations to an all wise Providence for the privileges thus conferred and the benefits received by the suffering. The report then proceeds to speak of the bounties of nature, and says the managers look forward without apprehensions as to the fature of the society. During the last year cases of extreme suffering have been far less than they have often been heretefore during the year. The subscriptions during the past year were, as usual, in sufficient to supply the need of the applicants; the deficiencies having been made up from the investments of the association. Legacies of \$500 have been received from the estate of the late James McBride and Mrs. Banger, which the managers express their thanks for. The American Widow Association having been discontinued, this association now stands alone for the relief of widows with young children. The report next proceeds to speak of the depressions from the marcantile disastors now pervading the community, and from which cause many of the most respectable and deserving women have been cut off from gaining a livelihood, and are consequently in a gram measure dependent on this society for relief, causing the managers to look forward with some apprehension as to their ability to meet the demands during the balance of the winter, which may be made on them for rollef. The managers, however, express confidence that the public will meet and respond to any call for assistance which may be made upon it by the association. During the past year the association have relieved 404 women, with 1,246 children. The receipt and daturements have been as follows.—Total receipt about \$5,500; expenses, \$6,651 47.

The report was received and ordered to be printed.

Buring the session Mr. J. W. C. Levenuous presented the Board of Managers with the annual report of the association printed in book form, for the year 17

Superior Court-Part Second

Before Hon. Judge Slosson.
Nov. 19.—William H. Ellis vs. Edwin A. Johnson. This action was brought to recover \$2,000, the amoun This action was brought to recover \$2,000, the amount of two notes which were alleged to have been given by defendant and assigned to plaintiff. The defence set up by Mesars. H. D. Townsend and Smith was, that the notes were obtained by one Hodgkins under representations which were not subsequently realized, who offered to sed defendant a patential gold, which afterwards groved to be of no value. From the testim my, which was voluminous, it appears that Mr. H. dgkins, in 1856, offered to defendant a patentable oil for \$3,000, and by certain representations induced him to purchase the same, Hodgkins agreeing not to part with the notes until the termination of experiments were made, and if unsuccessful the notes were to be returned. The notes were, however, negotiated or assigned to a third party, who now sucs. The oil, it was contended, was not patentable, and was of no value. Verdict for defendant. a ty Intelligence.

REDUCTION OF FARE A THIS JAMES SLIP FERRY.—We see that a reduction of fare as recently been made on the James slip and South Tends street ferry. Whether this has been done in view of the the place movement already commenced in Brooklyn and the liamsburg—a measure which the candidates of both portions "ere pledged to favor previous to election-or whether Mr. In w Clinks the old rates are too high, and that lower rates will prave more profitable, certain it is that a reduction of almust twenty per cent from former rates, as compared with the other ferries, has been made. Commuters are now charged for six months, \$1;\$ formies and persons under 17 years of age, \$3;\$ two horse pleasure carriage, \$12.50; one do. do. \$10;\$ tickets in packages of forty, \$1.\$ These rates, compared with the other ferries, are \$1 leason foot passengers and \$2.50 leas on one and two horse carriages. The James slip ferry has two beats and the Peck slip three—the former making about the same number of trips in twenty four hours as the latter. In the apring it is understood that another boat will be added to the James slip, and a further reduction of fare be made. The distance between James slip and South Tenth street is about one third less than between Peck slip and Division avenue—consequently, with faster boats and less distance the trips can be made much offener and at less cost. The boats of the James slip ferry are models for speed, cleanliness and regularity, and with one or two exceptions.—In which Young America ran into the old Peck slip boats, but which "five Oak George" maint-ins he was clearly in the right now withstanding—the new ferry has been very successful.

The Impositions of Omnibus Daivers.—The rule recently per cent from former rates, as compared with the other

THE IMPOSITIONS OF OMNIBUS DRIVERS.—The rule recently adopted by the proprietors of omnibus lines compel their customers to pay their fare on entering the stage is making a good deal of trouble, on account of the insolence and roguery it gives rise to on the part of the drivers. and roguery it gives rise to on the part of the drivers. It is a common complaint that if a ten cent or a five cent and three cent piece are handed up to the Jehus, those honest fellows forget to return any change. Sometimes it happens that the passenger must take the trouble to bawl up through the hoie for his two or four cents; and if he should happen to be a young man and there are ladies in the stage, he does not wish to appear mean encugh to be anxious about a few cents. Again, it happens that a lady is alone in the omnibus, and then the driver is sure not to return any change; and thus these people practise their impositions on all classes of the community. But it should not be allowed. The driver should be compelled to return the change, and when he will not do so, let his number be taken down and complaint be made to a magistrate. If an example were made of one of them it would do a great deal of good.

New Post Office Facilities.—The arrangements for de-

NEW POST OFFICE FACILITIES .- The arrangements for de livering the letters designed for the several mails in our city Post Office are now very perfect, and the utmost promptitude has been secured in this most important matpromptitude has been secured in this most important matter. There are six Sub-Peet Offices in different parts of the city, and to these stations letters are sent seven times each day and collections from them for the mails are made eight times a day by horse express. Thus an unusual promptness, both in the receipt and delivery of letters, has been secured. There is much yet to be done to make our Fost Office what it should be, and we have never failed to point out such deliciencies as came under our notice. In this case, however, in which the Post Office people have shown a disposition to attend to the waits of the public, they should be commended. The rollowing are the locations of the Sub-Post Offices:—Station A, No. 129 Spring street; station B, No. 439 Grand street; station C, Troy street, corner of Fourth street; station E, No. 12 Bible House; station E, No. 368 Eighth avenue; station F, 408 Third avenue.

The New Fost Osynce Site.—The committee appointed by the Common Council, to confer with the United States go-

the Common Council, to confer with the United States government respecting the site for the new Post Office, in this city, are now in Washington, having left for that city yester day. We may soon expect a decision on this most important matter. T. Jones, Jr., the Chairman of the committee, took with him maps of both the proposed locations, viz, the ene at the lower end of the Park, at the junction of Broadway and Park row, and the other of the ground fronting on Chambers street. Statements of property holders in the neighborhood are also taken along to show the value of the ground, and the committee will, no doubt, be able to show the government that the price offered for the site is too small. The committee express themselves in favor of the lower end of the Park, but the President and Postmaster General will have their choice. If they should decide upon the upper end of the Park, why should not the New City Hail Commissioners make some arrangement whereby one pile of buildings, suitable for the government and city, should be put up? It would add much to the beauty of New York.

Military.—On Wednesday evening Daniel Butterfield. day. We may soon expect a decision on this most important

MILITARY.—On Wednesday evening Daniel Butterfield Esq., was unanimously elected Lieutenant-Colonel of the 71st Regiment (American Guard), vice Martin, resigned. Captain Blauvelt, of Company B, was elected to the va-cancy (Major) caused by the promotion of Col. Butterfield. Capts. Keenan and Tompkins of the 71st were detailed with their commands for special guard duty in charge of Gene-ral Worth's remains, at the City Hall, on the 24th. Guard mounting takes place at 7½ P. M.

FIRE IN MULBERRY STREET.—About 12 o'clock on Wed-

nesday night a fire broke out in the cabinet shop kept by J. Coetz, rear of No. 13 Mulberry street. The whole of it was destroyed, together with a small two story frame shanty occupied by colored people. The gable ends of two other small frame tenements were burned out. Mr. Coetz's loss will amount to about \$50; insured. The occupants of the dwellings lost many articles of household furniture and wearing apparel. The property is owned by Mr. Gottsberger. It is insured for \$700 in the Jefferson Insurance Company, and damaged about \$300. A frame building in the rear of No. 13 Baxter street was damaged about \$500. It is owned by Mrs. G. Vultee, and insured for \$600 in the Aster and Rutgers insurance companies. The frame building in the rear of No. 15 Baxter street was tetally destroyed. Loss about \$500. It was owned by Deputy Sheriff Vultee, and insured.

Figs. 72 Lineary STREET.—About half past nine o'clock. was destroyed, together with a small two story frame

FIRE IN LIBERTY STREET.-About half past nine o'clock last night a fire was discovered on the second floor of the building No. 4 Liberty street, occupied by G. A. and H. Witte, dealers in willow ware and baskets. The firemen quickly responded to the aiarm, and extinguished the fire before it extended much beyond the second floor. Part of the second floor was also occupied by F. Andree, general floor was occupied by Samuel D. Willmott as a saw and flie depot, and the basement by Peter John, dealer in bags and boxes. The whele damage to stock by fire and water will amount probably to \$5,000, and is no doubt covered by insurance; the building is damaged about \$500. The stock of crockery, &c., in No. 6 Liberty street was also sightly damaged by water. Owing to more of the owners of the goods being at the fire, our reporter was unable to ascertain the insurances. dealers in willow were and backets. The fire

CHILD MURDER.—The body of an infant, newly born was discovered in an unoccupied house in Ninth street, (Eighth ward.) on Wednesday afternoon, by parties who (Eighth ward.) on Wednesday afternoon, by parties who were viewing the premises with the object of renting. Every appearance indicated that the birth had taken place there, and that an attempt had been made to strangle the infant by winding the umbillical cord around the neck. This failing, a stick was put into requisition and the life was battered out of it. Fresh wagon wheel tracks were near the door, and the mother was doubtless taken away soon after the infant was killed. Coroner Bennett held an inquest yesterday afternoon, but no more developements were made. The jury came to the conclusion that the child had been bornfailve and beaten to death. The parties, it is supposed, belong to another part of the city.

Succose.—A shoemaker, named John Witty, residing at No. 94 Jay street, cut his throat with a razor on Wedne day night, while laboring in a state of despondency con-sequent upon intemperate habits. He inflicted two large gashes, completely severing the windpipe, and died shortly thereafter. He leaves a wife and two children in

digent circumstances.

Vernict for Septiction.—An action for damages for se duction was brought in the Brooklyn City Court on Wednesday, by the parents of Josephine Vallot against Patrick McCarthy. The defendant boarded with the parents, and, as shown in evidence, succeeded in seducing the girl, who was under age, under promise of marriage. The jury brought in a vertilet of \$1,000 in favor of plaintiff, being the full amount claimed.

THE GRAND JURY OF THE COURT OF OVER AND TERMINER -The following Grand Jury was yesterday empanelled in the Court of Over and Terminer, before Judge Birdseye, presiding:-Stephen Crowell, Foreman; John Barter, Jo

presiding.—Stephen Crowell, Foreman, John Barter, John Fitzsimmons, Edward Mitchell, Conrad C. Ellery, James Farley, Anthony Gettings, Chas. R. Latham, Patrick Duff, Jehn J. Hicks, Wm. Pate, Charles Jenkins, Henry Taney, Robert Shotwell, Wm. M. Thomas, Wm. Marrin, Samuel Booth, Nehemiah Masen.

In view of an appeal taken in a liquor case tried in Poughkeepsie, which would be decided in General Term about two weeks hence, the Judge thought it best that Grand Juries should not at present find indictments against parties charged with violating the 29th section of the Excine law.

ACQUITTED ON THE CHARGE OF MANSLAUGHTER. - Wednes day a German named Feter Hager, who is a shoemaker by trade, and practices medicine between times, was tried before the Court of Sessions on an indictment for manislaughter in causing the death of a child named Augusta Egner. The child, it appears, was subject to fits. After trying various remedies the mother sent for the shoemaker, of whose fame she had frequently heard. He came and administered some medicines, which it was subsequently alleged was tincture of opium, and under the effect of which the child died. The stomach, it appears, had not been examined on the post mortem examination of the body, and there was no direct testimony as to the nature of the contents. The testimony in other respects was also very unsatisfactory, and the jury being unable to determine whether the child died of fits or of poson, brought in a verticit acquitting the defendant.

Circuir Court.—Before Judge Birdsoye.—The Regularity of Suits brought under the Twenty-first Section of the Metropolium Police Law.—The People, de. vs. Michael day a German named Peter Hager, who is a shoemaker by

Metropolism Police Law.—The People, de. m. Michael Bennett.—Some time since the District Attorney of Kings county brought suits in the name of the people against some three hundred parties for the recovery of a penalty of Bity dollars each, for the violation of the 21st section of the Metropolism police law, which imposes penalty for exposing liquor for sale on Sunday. The suits were brought in the city Court, and detendant's counsel in this case took exception to the form of the summons, in that it was irregular, the complaint not conforming to it. It being a matter of some moment, it was agreed that argument should be had on the points before Judge Birdseye, and the case was so argued on Monday.

Wednesday Judge Birdseye delivered a lengthy opinion, in which, after citing numerous authorities, he sustains the mode of action pursued by the District Attorney in bringing the suits, and that the defendant's motion to set aside the complaint for irregularity, in that it does not conform to the summons, must be denied, but without costs, the question being new, and of such a character as by warrant the application to the Court.

Supreme Court Special Term.
Before Hon. Juege Rooserelt.
Nov. 18.—In the Mutter of Mrs. Ann Moore, an Alleged
Lunatic—Order to be entered confirming report of refe
ree, and denying the application to discharge the lunatic. Hair-Its Discases, Fall, Change of Color, its embelishment. The whole treated carefully by GRAND JEAN, 34 Church street.

Knox's Pall and Winter Style of Hats are all the go. Ladies' fure selling off at cost. No. 212 Broad way, corner of Fulion street. White's Pall Style, \$3.—Last Spring Style reduced to the low price of 22, at WHITE'S 148 Fullon street, tire doors cast of Broadway. WHITE, the Hatter.

The Hat among Hats, which for Standard clasticity, durability and taste, cannot be surposed, may blad at ESPENCHEID'S, manufacturer, 118 Nassau street.

Fur Warehouse,

No. 46 Maiden lass.

O. G. GUETHER & 20003

Invite special attention to their stock of

LADIES AND OTHER MANUFACTURED PURS,

Which they offer, in the fase of existing cfrommianous
rade, al greatly reduced prices.

Gold Watches, Pens and Pensils Retailing w cost by the importers and manufacturers.
WILMARTH & ULUSSMAN, 21 Maiden lane, up stairs.

Cristadoro's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees The very best in the world. On sale, and the dye privately applied, at No. 6 Astor House. Rupture. Marsh & Co.'s Radical Cure

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees The best in the world, surpassing all made, sold and appli at the manufactory, 232 Broadway.

Barry's Tricopherous is the best and cheap-est article for dressing, beautifying, cleausing, curling, pre-serving and restoring the hair. Ladies, try it. Sold by all druggists. Hill's Heir Dye only 4 Shillings a box, Black or brawn, No. 1 Barciay street. Inimitable shaving and hair

J. R. Stafford's Iron and Sulphur Powders

J. R. Stafford's Olive Tar is the only Fluid which contains electro magnetism. Pains of all kinds are re-lieved where it is applied. Diseases of the throat and lungs are cursed where it is applied and inhaled. Testimonials from Thurlow Wood, Esq., George Law, Esq., Isaac V. Fowler, Esq., Capt. E. Nye. Robert B. Coleman, Esq., simeon Draper, Esq., Gen. Carneau, and many other prominent persons, may be seen at 16 State street, east aide of Battory. Trice 50 cents a bottle.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

THURSDAY, Nov. 19-6 P. M.

The stock market continues active, and the advance in the most speculative stocks is sall going on The party operating for a rise do not falter in the least, and appear to have control of an unlimited amount of means. At the first board to-day Virghia 6's advanced 1 per cent; Cumberland, 2; New York Central, 2; Erie, 1; Michigan Central, 1; Reading, 14; Michigan Southern, old, 1; do. preferred, 2; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 2; Galena and Chicago, 1; Cleveland and Toledo, 13; Milwaukie and Mississippi, 3; La Crosse and Milwaukie, 2. Missouri 6's declined 14 per cent; California 7's, 1; New York Central 6's, 1; do. 7's, 1; Canton Company, 2; Delaware and Hudson, 1; Pennsylvania Coal, 2; Pacific Steamship Company, 1; Harlem, 3; Illinois Central, 1. At the second board the market generally was a little lower Missouri 6's fell off 4 per cent; New York Central, 1; Erie, 1; Reading, 4; Panama, 1; Michigan Southern preferred, 1; Illinois Central Railroad, J. Galena and Chicago advanced 1 per cent; Chicago and Rock Island, 4; Delaware and Hudson, 4.

The steamship Adriatic, from this port for Liverpool on Saturday, will not take out much specie. None has been as yet engaged.

In reply to the statements of a cotemporary regarding the special specie deposits in the city banks, Mr. George D. Lyman, the manager of the Clearing

Mr. George D. Lyman, the manager of the Clearing House, says:—

I know of no instance where specie held upon special deposit has been included in the weekly statement of the banks. Recent inquiry has satisfied me that the amount of coin now held upon special deposit is less than \$1,000,000, no part of which has been included in the sworn statements, nor have special deposite over been included. A large part of the specie deposited as special has become merged into current account. The banks of this city control every dollar of coin they report.

The circulating notes of the Croton Bank are redeemed at tear by the Broadway Rank.

deemed at par by the Broadway Bank.

We notice that the telegraph from Halifax reports the suspension of Messrs. Naylor, Vickers & Co., of Sheffield, an old established steel and iron house, with liabilities to the amount of about a million sterling, and a surplus of a million dollars. We learn that although the surplus is stated correctly, the liabilities will probably not exceed £400,000. The bly not do so.

The receipts of the Pacific Railroad of Missouri for September and October compare as follows:-September. Octo

Freight	
Total	\$76,912 99 \$67,928 16 same months of last
year:— September October	
Total	the same time of this,

The following are the receipts of the Morris Canal Company for the past week and season, as compared with the receipts to corresponding time last year:-

Total to Nov. 7, 1857 \$291,902 61 Week ending Nov. 14, 1857 \$3,282 56 The following is the statement of the Providence banks for the week ending the 16th inst .: Darks for the week \$1,848,418 Loans \$18,503,390 Deposits 2,311,217 Specie 351,371

The new mortgage of the Reading Railroad Company for seven millions of dollars is made to Mr. Cullen, the President, and to Messrs. Boker and Norris, two of the directors of the company. It is second to the mortgage covering the bonds of 1870, but is supposed to be ample security for the amount. It is open for all creditors holding the present floating liabilities of the company who may desire to fund at the rate of \$100 in bonds bearing six per cent interest, for \$75 of existing indebtedness. The same mortgage is also intended to cover the bonded debt falling due in 1860.

The Charleston Standard publishes a statement of the condition of the banks of that city for the

the September statement,		
Circulation. September \$7,105,170 October 6,614,279	Specie. \$999,819 704,701	Dom. Ez. \$10,285,500 9,334,628
Total \$591,891	\$295,698	\$931,992
September	Deposits \$2,839,184 2,678,169	Securities. \$11,143,057 11,020,415

The same paper adds:-Altogether the exhibit is not favorable to an early re-Altogether the exhibit is not favorable to an early reavailable assets of the banks have not been reduced in
greater proportion than their liabilities, and their condition,
therefore, is as safe and prosperous, perhaps, as it was before. There are many facts of interest in this report.
The circulation of the Bank of the State, and of the Bank of
South Carolina has increased, while of all the other banks
there has been a falling off. In all the banks there is a
falling off in specie; and the Bank of Charleston, with a
capital of \$5,000,000, the Bank of Banburg, with a capital
of \$500,000, and the Bank of Newberry, with a sapital
of \$500,000, have nearly about the same amount of circulation.

The Bank commissioners of Missouri make the following report of the condition of the free banks of that State on the 10th of October, 1857 :-

BANKS OF MISSOURI. RESOURCES.

			Gold and	
	Bills die-	Circula-	silver coin	Total
	connted.	tion.	on hand.	resources.
te Bank	\$1,068,132	642,000	644,207	3,958,510
Fayette	148,129	79,930	71,341	457,890
Springfield	. 193,505	2,150	52,010	330,383
Palmyra	150,457	7,440	58,759	364,357
Louisiana	. 32,375	60,214	68,121	153,080
C. Girardeau .	143,125	43,520	27,550	374,235
rmers' (Lex.) .	99,313	77,615	162,247	576,582
rehants (St. L.) 213,161	124,860	247,206	802,169
chanics' (St. L.		89,965	106,744	467,634
utbern (St. L.).	224,159	129,940	126,660	618,184
	\$2,456,527	1,247,688	1,464,850	8,073,028

Circulation
 Fr. Fsyette
 34,572
 148,640
 47,590

 Br. Springfield
 48,392
 96,726
 100,560
 330,383

 Br. Faimyra
 39,857
 13,610
 190,560
 364,357

 Br. Louisiana
 1,569
 80,000
 153,091

 Br. C. Girardeau
 20,572
 102,900
 374,235

 Farmers'
 45,225
 10,000
 250,000
 546,882

 Merchanics
 224,250
 8,299
 350,000
 802,169

 Merchanics
 103,673
 20,000
 467,534

 Southern
 72,622
 36,547
 331,000
 618,184
 \$1,049,968 738,072 2,912,320 8,073,028 The following statement shows the amount of stock subscribed and the amount paid in :-Total.....\$2,063,900 00 \$1,671,448 20

Southern Bank 328,100 00 Farmers' 410,900 00 Mechanics' 405,000 00 Merchants' 554,000 00 The weekly statements of the Southern and Mechanics' banks, of St. Louis, compare as follows:-

chanics' banks, of St. Louis, compare as follows:

Southern Bank. Oct 3. Oct 24. Oct 31. Non. 7.
Com. 3161,804 93,454 42,307 92,908
Exch'g maturing 161,894 86,156 63,112 66,612
Grewinstoo . 262,165 112,680 117,906 123,465
Mechanics' Bank.
Com. 102,463 89,062 96,216 137,014
Exch'g maturing 78,200 30,500 26,845 26,645
Grewinston . 112,800 60,045 45,525 30,985
The publication of the habilities of the directors
of the St. Louis banks in the grew of discount has of the St. Louis banks, in the way of discount, has created a sensation in that city. These liabilities, at last dates, direct and indirect, and attaching to the directors, either as individuals or members of business firms, compare with the capitals paid up as follows:—

 lows:—
 Capital paid.
 Liabilities.

 State Bank
 \$1,474,595
 \$252,036

 Merchants' Bank
 246,000
 141,902

 Southiern Bank
 128,000
 116,908

 Mechanics' Bank
 161,160
 19,641
 From this statement the per centage of the capital loaned to the directors may be stated respectively

Commenting upon this exhibit, the St. Louis Re-

publican says:—
At the date of the statement in August last, the liabilities of the Fresident and directors of the Bank of the State of Missouri, at St. Louis, in all shapes, amounted to \$12.85,31 o2. At the date of the last statement in October, the habilities of the same parties were \$252,036 39, or \$16,194 63 less than in August. But it is to be observed that during the interval three of the directors, or their firms, were placed under disability, and their account was reduced \$21,498 77; and this being considered, the statement shows that the other managers heiped themselves to \$5,504 34 more than they had in August. What of this? Let other figures answer. On the 5th day of September, the date which approaches nearest to that when the liabilities of the Freedent and directors were made up, the discount line of the bank was \$1,382,970 15; and on the 17th or October, the date of the last published statement, that discount line was reduced to \$855,974 34, or \$527,675 71. This was the smount of the curtailment demonded and paid by merchants, mechanics, manufacturers and other men is sixy days; while the bank managers themselves, instead of standing the curtailment as other people were compelled to do, shot their accounts a little ahead of their liabilities when there was a smooth sea, and no one anticipated that there were such breakers in store as the next two menths presented. Is it any wender that they continued to act upon the presumption that there was no extraordinary demand for money, outside of the bank parior, when they sat there contentedly and witnessed the payment of mere than half a million of dollars by our paic stricken citizens, and quietly increased the aggregate of their liabilities several thousand dollars.

The receipts at tide water of the principal articles publican says:—
At the date of the statement in August last, the liabili-

The receipts at tide water of the principal articles of produce from the opening of the canals, to and in-

3	1865.	1856.	1857.
4	Canal open May 1.	May 4.	May 6
1	Flour, bbis 1,067,916	960,723	710,97
	Wheat, bush 3,935,129	10,077,471	4,381,39
	Corn. " 9,307.301	9,995,888	5,445,36
	Barley, "1,386,069	1,585,572	1,229,54
	Oats, " 8,830,111	4,834,337	2,375,27
	Rye, "	1,441,035	159,99
	Beef, " 69,446	80,547	11.13
	Pork, bbls 26,386	40,527	8,10
g	Cheese, lbs 6,556,700	4,270,600	2,007,60
	Butter, "2,145,200	2,124,900	724.10
ř	Lard, " 9, 80,100	7,050,500	594,36
	Bacon, "8,332,900	7,758,000	1,985,7
į.	Wool, "5,381,500	2,869,600	1,624,7
9	The receipts at tide wi	ter of flour,	wheat, con
	and barley for the second	week of Nove	mber in 18

and 1857 have been as follows:

Dec. .. 16,468 Dec. 219,193 Dec. 194,951 Inc., 91,310 The aggregate of the receipts of the above articles so far during the years 1856 and 1857 have

5,696,080 4,549,277 Inc.358,329 Dec....249,749 By reducing the wheat to fl equal to 1,388,965 bbls. flour. wheat to flour the deficiency is

equal to 1,388,965 bbls. flour.

Stock Exchange.
Therestar, Nov. 19, 1857.

\$5000 N Y 53/2's, '60. 99 200 sbs NYCenRR sib 79, 1000 N Y 53/2's, '61. 99 200 sbs NYCenRR sib 79, 2000 N Y 5's, '58. 99/2 150 do. sib 79, 2500 N Y 5's, '58. 99/2 150 do. sib 79, 2500 N Y 5's, '58. 99/2 150 do. sib 79, 2500 N Y 5's, '62. 98/2 100 do. sb 70/3 1500 N Y 5's, '62. 98/2 100 do. sb 70/3 1500 N Y 6's, '74. 104 500 do. sb 70/3 1500 Tenn 6's, '90. 87 300 Erie Raitroad. 18 1000 Virginia 6's, '90. 50 Hud Riv RR. 22 4000 do. sb 79/3 50 Hud Riv RR. 22 1000 do. sb 79/3 100 d 2000 LaC & Mil I'd g 50 do....bee 15 Del & Hud Canal. (o. 12 65 Mil & Miss RR .
b15 12½ 100 do. 115
12½ 95 do. b3
(Co. 69 100 do. 80
253 LaCrowek MilRR .
e10 19% 150 do. .
b30 80 300 do. .
b40 80 65 do. .
860 78½ 312 do. . . .
850 79 100 do. 830 de.....bli de..... Pacific M SS Co...

\$100 Mutual lins. scrip of 1849.
270 do. 1851.
500 do. 1856.
296 Commercial Mutual Insurance scrip of 1856.
30 she Fark Bank.
2 American Exchange Bank.
20 Bank of Commerce.
20 Bank of the Commonwealth.
15 Hanover Bank.
15 Bank State of New York.
5 New York Fire and Marine lins. Co.

 5 Bank of the Republic
 95

 20 Geveland and Pitteburg RR
 13 %

 56 Rutgers Fire Insurance Co
 101 %

 56 Peter Cooper Fire Insurance Co
 190 %

 50 Peter Cooper Fire Insurance Co
 99 %

 14 People's Fire Insurance Co
 91 %

 6 Market Fire Insurance Co
 166

 15 Equitable Fire Insurance Co
 166 %

 44 Hembe dt Fire It surance Co
 70 %
 72

 9 Firemen's Insurance Co
 144

 10 Centinental Fank..... CITY COMMERCIAL REPORT.

THURSDAY, Nov. 19-6 P. M. Asmes.—Sales of 25 bbls. pots were made at 7c., while

Asms.—Sales of 25 bbls. Thuraspar, Nov. 19—6 P. M.

Asms.—Sales of 25 bbls. Pots were made at 7c., while pearls were nominal.

Basabarupes.—Flour—The light receipts, about 18,000 bbls. via canni and river, combined with a good local demand, and with purchases for export to the British provinces, caused the market to close firm, and at an advance of about 5c. per bbl. on the lower grades of State and Western. The sales footed up about 18,000 at 18,000 bbls. within about the range of the following quotations:—Superfine State.

48 0a 48 95 Extra State.

5 10 a 5 25 Western and Oblo superfine.

48 0a 4 96 Extra Oblo and Western.

5 25 a 5 95 Canadian superfine and Georgetown.

5 20 a 5 95 Canadian superfine and Georgetown.

5 20 a 5 95 Canadian superfine and Georgetown.

5 20 a 5 95 Canadian superfine and Georgetown.

5 20 a 5 95 Canadian superfine and Georgetown.

5 20 a 5 95 Canadian superfine and Georgetown.

5 20 a 5 95 Canadian superfine and Georgetown.

5 20 a 5 95 Canadian superfine and Georgetown.

5 20 a 5 96 Rye flour.

3 590 a 4 75 Corn meal.

6 Corn meal.

6 Canadian flour was steady and prices unchanged, with sales of about 660 a 800 bbis. at the above quotations. The arrivals were light and stock moderate; Southern was firm and in fair demand with sales of about 1,500 a 1,800 bbis. at the above figures. Bye flour was steady at our figures. Corn meal—Sales of about 200 bbis. New Jersey were made at \$3 40. Wheat—The market was steady and firm, while the receipts by canal and North river only reached about 40,600 a 50,000 bushels. The market closed siffer, without important change in quotations. The sales embraced about 40,600 a 50,000 bushels, included in which were good Chicago spring at 98c a \$1; Milwaukie club at \$1 06; Indiana water red at \$1 15 a \$1 16; prime white Michigan at \$1 10; common white Canada at \$1 25, and choice Southern white at \$1 56, and amber colored Tennessee at \$1 30 a \$1 32; Corn was scarce and firm, with sales confined to about \$0,000 a 10,000 bushels Western mixed at \$0.6, whil

and 200 boxes cheese at 27s. 6d. There was nothing new to the continent.

Figure—The sales embraced about 1,000 boxes, including M. raisins, at \$2 15, and layers at \$2 35; halves at \$1 10, and quarters at 65c.

Hax.—The market was active; sales of about 3,000 bales were made for shipment at 55c. a 56c.

Hors were at 8c. a 9c. for prime to choice qualities, and at 6c. a 7c. for common.

IRON.—Sales of 75 a 100 tons Scotch pig were made at \$20, 6 months.

NAVAL STOREE.—The market was firm, with sales of about 500 bbis. spirits turpentine at 42c. cash, and 43c. 50 days; and 500 bbis. crude North county soft at \$3 50 per 180 lbs. Rosin was quiet at \$1 35 a \$1 40 per 310 lbs. delivered.

ons.—The market was still heavy. About 10,000 gal-

OHS.—The market was still heavy. About 10,000 galions American lineed were sold at 55c. a 55c. cash. Crude whate was quiet at 61c. a 65c.; sperm at 21. At New Redford, during the past week, sales of about 1,800 bbls. were made at 81 a \$1 03 per galion.

Frovenors.—Fork.—The market was dull and sales confined in lots to about 150 bbls., at \$19 37 a \$19 50 for mess and at \$17 for prime; thin mess was at \$18 a \$18 50, and prime mess was nominal. Beef was inactive, and sales confined to about 160 a 125 bbls., in lots, at \$6 a \$7 for country prime, and at \$9 50 a \$10 50 for mess do.; with small lots repucked new plain Western at \$14, and at \$15 for extra do. Bacon was quiet at 12c. a 125c. Cut meats were dull and nominal, at 8c. a \$5c. for shoulders and 15c. to thams. Lard—Sales were confined to about 15c bbls. at 115c. a 125c. Butter was in fair demand, at 18c. a 18c. for Oho, and at 17c. a 22c. for State. Cheese was steady at 7c. a \$5c.

export.
Stgars.—The sales embraced about 650 bhds. Cuba muscovaco at 5%c. a 6%c. a 7c., mostly refining and medium grades of goods, and 200 boxes brown Havana, in bond, at 4%c.

Wursuxt.—zales of 400 a 500 bbls. at 23%c. a 24c., closing at the latter figure.

Operations in Real Estate.

The following vacant lots, situated in a measure " out of town," being in the vicinity of 160th street and Eleventh avenue, somewhere probably in the vicinity of Manhattan ville, or about seven or eight miles from the City Hall, were sold yesterday at the Merchants' Exchange, as fol-lows:

100 each.
1100 each.
11th ave., bet. 158th and 159th sts., 50x100 each.
11th ave., between 158th and 159th sts., 50x100 each.
11th ave., between 158th and 159th sts., 158th st., a ljoining, 50x99.11 each......

MISCELLANEOUS. \$1 FOR SO CENTS. FOR 50 CENTS.

800 pair
ELEGANT SIDESTRIPE CASSIMERE PANTS,
Worth \$10,
Seiling for \$6,

EVANS',
66 and 68 Fulton street. \$1 POR SO CENTR. RICH VELVET VESTS, Worth \$5, Seiling for \$2 50,

EVANS', 66 and 68 Fullon street \$1 FOR M CENTS. MOIRE ANTIQUE SILE VESTS,
WOLLS SI,
Beiling for \$1.56,
All EVANS',
66 and 66 Fulton street,
Between Gold and Chil streets.

\$1 FOR 50 CENTS. BLACK CLOTH VESTS, Worth \$1, Selling for \$1 50, EVANS'. 66 and 68 Fulton street. BLACK DOESKIN PANTS, Worth \$5 50, Selling for \$2 75, EVANS'.

66 and 68 Fulton street, Between Gold and Cliff streets. \$1 FOR 50 CENTS. NTS.

259
BLACK SATIN VESTS, worth \$3 50, selling for \$1.75
AT EVANS:
66 and 8F Fullon street, letween Gold and Cliff street

\$4.50. -DOUBLE SOLE WATER PROOF SEWED the Museum. 500 GOOD WARM OVERCOATS Worth \$10, Selling for \$5,

EVANS' 66 and 68 Fulton street. \$260.000. CLOTHING, SALE OF WINTER S260.000. CLOTHING,

FOR THIST BANK ONLY,

AT OAK HALL,

AT OAK HALL,

St and 16 Feilon street.

OTER A QUARTER OF A MILLION dollars worth of

FINE AND FORM
Must be sold at a great sacrifice.

NO WHOLEFALE OR RETAIL HOUSE CAN OFFER

SUCH GREAT INDUCKMENTS.

Come and see.

Don't buy until you call.

Open until P. M.

THEO. R. B. DEGROOT.

A SSIGNEE'S SALK

OF TOYS, FANCY GOODS,
YASKEE NOTIONS, &C.,
FOR CASH,
At No. 43 Maiden lane, New York.
This large and well selected stock (recently imported) is now
offered at wholesale and retail at
PRICES TO SUIT THE THMES.
And will be sold to cash buyers at less than AUCTION
PRICES.
Assignee of Jolley & Tiers, O. Jolley & Co. and Wm. X
Tiers & Co.

CAPTURE OF DELJII.—GET FRANK LESLIES PAPER this morning, with a large and accurate engraving of the ecorning of Delhi.—GET FRANK LESLIES PAPER this morning, with a large and accurate engraving of the storming of Delhi.

CAPTURE OF DELHI.—GET FRANK LESLIES PAPER this morning, with a large and accurate engraving of the storming of Delhi.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A MODECIA MEDICINE.

WOLFFEN NCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS, A modelinal ded drink, of cunimently salutary qualities, manufactured by historic orclusively, at his factory at Schnedom, in Holland. It is made from the best barriey that can be selected in Europe, with the essence of an aromatic Ballist berry, of schnowledged and extraordinary medicinal properties. It has long since acquired a higher reputation, both in Surcost and America, than any other directic beverage. In Savel, good, theemastics, in obstructions of the kidneys, and in general debutty, its effects are prompt, decided and invariably reliable. And it is not only a remedy for these maladies, but in all cases in which they are produced by drinking bad waker, which is aimest universally the cause of them, it operates at a sure preventive. In all cases of a dropatical tendency, it is generally the only remedy required when adopted in the early stages of the disease. In dayspeptic maladies, when taken in preper quantities as a diet drink, and capecially at dinner, it is found by uniform experience, to be eminently efficacious in the most obstinate cases, when even the best of the assument of the debiting sitendant upon protracted chronic maladies, when assume of exhaustion distates its use, never fails to relieve the debiting sitendant upon protracted chronic maladies, iow temperament and exhausted vital energy by whatever cause induced. These are facts to which many of the most continuous and process and the United States, investment in medical man, both in Europe and the United States, in cases of one dozen each, with my name on the bottle, core, and fac-simile of my signature on the late! For sale by a the respectable druggists and grocers in the United States, in cases of one dozen each, with my name on the bottle, core, and fac-simile of my signature on the isle! For sale by a the respectable druggists and grocers in the United States.

The word Schnapps belongs exclusively to my medicinal beverage. All others are counterfet and imposition on the bo A LEGHOL A MEDICINE. AROMATIC SCHNAPPS, A

CAPTURE OF DELILI -GET FRANK LESLIE'S PAPER this morning, with a large and securate engraving of the storming of Delhi.

CAPTURE OF DELHI,—GET FRANK LESLIES PAPER.
this morning, with a large and account.

CAPTURE OF DELHI.—GET FRANK LESLIE'S PAPER.
this morning, with a large and accurate engraving of the
storming of Delhi.

ADIRS—IF YOU WISH HANDSOME GAITER BOOTS, If from 12s, to 20st, slippers, ites and buskins, from 6s. 6 bs: misses, boys' and children's beets and shoes; India rubber boots and shoes of all the various styles, with gentlemen's beautiful embroidered toilet slippers for presents, patrons J. B. MILLER & CO., 387 Canal street.

NO HUMBUG! COME AND SEE ONLY 31 59 AND \$1 75 for a fine fashionable silk hat. A SIMIS, hat and cap manufacturer, corner of new Howery and Madison street. New York, and 107 Ewen street, near Johnson street, Williamsburg.

is a machine of smaller size and entirely different in appearance from either of Singer's standard machines. It unequalled in beauty, and is work is superfor to that of any family sewing machine ever before made. Price, including table complete for use, \$100.

I. M. SINGER & CO., 458 Broadway.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE

Being in possession of the
CRYSTAL PALACE,
with steam power and shafting for driving machinery of sikinds, are prepared to receive new inventions and all useful productions in the arts for exhibition.

W. B. LEONARD, Agent.

THE EASIEST THING IN THE WORLD.

If all of the merchants in New York were to adopt our plan, they would undoubtedly soon convert their goods into ca-th. Money would certainly be lost in the operation, but not use much as the

ca. a. Money would certainly be lost in the operation, but as much as the

Plan will entail. Since the adoption of the following list of prices, our sales have exceeded our most sanguine expectations. Just read it over and you will not be surprised that the sales are large even in these

PINCHING TIMES.

White china dinner sets worth \$38 for.

White china tea sets worth \$38 for.

White china soup tureens worth \$3 96 for.

White china bigh fruit backets worth \$1 for.

Gill baid French china tea sets worth \$1 for.

Gill baid French china tea sets worth \$10 for.

5 56

Gill baid French china dinner sets worth \$10 for.

7 5 06

Our entire stock of gas fixtures, table glass and silver plated ware is offered at the same low rates.

IN SHORT,

the whole stock the whole stock MUST AND SHALL

be sold.
W. J. F. DAILEY & CO., 631 and 633 Broadway,

WHISKERS AND MOUSTACHES FORCED TO GROW in six weeks, by my orguent, which will not stain or injure the skin. It a bottle, sent to any port of the country. R. G. GRAHAM, 616 Broadway; BRIGGS, No. 1 Exchange.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Hirth.

Davies.—At East New York, on Wednesday evening,
Nov. 18, Mrs. James D. Davies, of a daughter. All well.

Married.

Blarried.

RALL—RANKHEAD.—On Salarday, Nov. 14, by the Rev. E. C. McGuire, Lieut William H. Ball. United States navy, to Elexander J., daughter of the late Gen. James Bankhead, United States army.

SUTHEM-RAPPINEA.—On Thursday, Nev. 12, at the residence of S. A. Dear, Gateville, N. J., by the Rev. H. C. SUPPRES - CAPTERIA - OR THURSDRY, NOV. 12, at the residence of S. A. Dear, Gateville, N. J., by the Rev. H. C. Putman, Mr. John J. Styphen, of Milistone, to Lieum D., daughter of the late Nicholas Rappleyea.

SENTINE - VELTMAN.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, Nov. 18, by the Rev. E. D. Rockwell, Edward D. Styphen to Mark Delano, daughter of Col. Hiram Veltman, atl of Brookyn, I. 1.

Died.

RAKER.—On Thursday, Nov. 19, HENRY CLAY, son © Mary Kennedy and James M. Baker, aged 5 years, I mont x and 2 days.

The funeral will take place this afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 78 Watts street. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further invitation.

Connect.—In Scarsdale, Westchester county, N. Y., on-Sunday, Nov. 15, Mrs. Marria Connect, widow of the late Samuel Cornell, in the 71st year of her age.

Downing.—On Thursday morning, Nov. 19, Camming Downing, aged 68 years.

Her friends, and the friends of her son in-law, Thomas Grogan, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, to-

Grogan, are respectfully invited to attend the fu Grogan, are respectfully invited to attend the tuneral, to-morrow afternoon, at one o'clock, from the residence of her son in-law, No. 155 East Thirty sixth street. Gizzanier.—On Wednesday evening, Nov. 18, Jaustia, daughter of Jno. W. and Jeretta E. Gilchrist. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this afternoon, at one o'clock,

invited to attend the funeral, this afternoon, at one o'clock, from No. 402 Broome street.

Hamilton.—On Wednesday evening, Nov. 13. Henry F., youngest son of Alex J. C. Hamilton, in the 21st year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his father, No. 136 West Twenty lifth street, this morning, at ten o'clock. His remains will be taken to Wentchester for interment.

Keilen.—On Wednesday, Nov. 18, Whilas C., youngest child of J. and E. Keller, aged 1 year, 7 months and 13 days.

days.

The remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery fee

The remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

Kansely.—On Thursday morning, Nov. 19, Hermitar P. Kansely.—On Thursday morning, Nov. 19, Hermitar P. Kansely. in the 50th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and the members of the Light Guard Company, in citizens' dress, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, to morrow afternoon, at half past one o'clock, without further invitation.

Pittsburg and Indianapolis spaces please copy.

Kroun—On Thursday, Nov. 19, Parocck M. Krous, of Roserca, Kings county, freland, aged 35 years.

The funeral will take place at two o'clock this afternoon, from No. 31 East Broadway.

Inblin papers please copy.

The funeral will take place at two o'clock this afternoon, from No. 31 East Broadway.
Intilin papers please copy.
LEAVERST.—Suddenly, on Wednesday morning, Nov. 18, at Hentington, L. L. Grace Ann, wife of Win. Leaveraft, Eq., in the bld year of her age.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 74 south Third street, Williamsburg, on Sunday afternoon, at two o'clock. The remains will be taken to Cypress Hills. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

LEONARD.—On Thursday, Nov. 19, JANE, wife of Terenos Leonard, in the 24th year of ber age.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon, at half past one o'clock, from her late residence, No. 131 Widdle Broadway. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Albany and Troy papers please copy.

NEBRIT.—On Wednesday morning, Nov. 18, ANDREW Now. 18, and James Nesbit, are requested to attend the funeral, without further notice, this afternoon, at one o'clock, from his late residence, by Green, No. 71 Eim street. The remains will be interred in Calvary Cemetery.

PROUDERT.—On Sunday, Nov. 16, Mrs. ANN PROUDERT, 19, left of the late Dr. Daniel Proudit, in the 71th year of her age.

Her friends and relatives, and those of her son, James of the son of the son, James of the son, James of the son, James of the son of the s

remains will be interred in Calvary Cemsery.
Procupers.—On Sunday, Nov. 15, Mrs. Any Processir, 10 lict of the late Dr. Daniel Proudfit, in the 77th year of how age.

Her friends and relatives, and those of her son, James O. Proudfit, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, No. 291 East Broadway.

RANNEY.—At West Hobbsen N. J., on Wedneaday, Nov. 18, of consumption, William Ranney artist.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, to morrow morning, at ten o'clock, from St. Mary's Catholic church, Hobbsen City.

Connecticut and North Carolina papers please copy.

RENNOIDS—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Nov. 19, Lieut.
John G. Rennoits, of the United States revenue service, and son of Major J. G. Reynolds. U. S. M., aged 29 years.

The friends of the family, those of his father in law, James C. Stonesli, Faq., the members of Anglo-Saxon Lodge No. 137, F. and A. M., and the fraternity in general, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his later residence, No. 188 Bridge atreet, on Sunday afternoon, at half past two o'clock.

Roussis.—On Thursday, Nov. 19, FANNY, youngest daughter of Enos and Elizabeth Rogers.

The funeral will take place to morrow afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, No. 200 Monroe street.

SERWART.—In Pecatonica, Illinois, on Taesday, Nov. 10, after a brief Bilness, Massy Jass, the beloved way of John R. Stewart, merchant, and second daughter of the late David Howe, Eq., of Halifax, Nova Scotia. Seven children, and a numerous circle of relatives and friends are left to deplore their sad bereavement. Her end was pence.

Boston and New Brunsweck papers piesae copy.

Taxton.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday morning, Nov. 19, after a painful filness, Abrahax Taxton, formerly of Manachester, England, in the 78th year of his ago.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 47 De Kaib avenue, Brooklyn, to morrow aftern

17 St. Luke's place, Lerdy Street, in the Octock.

Warders.—On Treeday, Nov. 17, Mr. Thomas Warder, in the first year of his age.

His friends and acquaintances, those of his sons, James H. George S., Thomas and Auson G. P. Wardle, of his sons law, David L. Beck, the members of the Scamma's Friend Society, the Marine Society, and of the Port Society, are respectfully invited to attend the fundral, from the Central Presbyterian church, Rev. Mr. Bo kwoll, in Schermerhorn street, above Nevius street, Brooklyn, this afformation of the Presbyterian church, Rev. Mr. Bo kwoll, in Schermerhorn street, above Nevius street, Brooklyn, this afformation is the control of the Presbyterian church, Rev. Mr. Bo kwoll, in Schermerhorn street, above Nevius street, Brooklyn, this afformation is the property of the present the property of the Presbyterian church is the present the property of the present the prese